

Guidance on the provision of a public emergency call service

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1 Introduction

- 1.1 The ability to dial a short single number to call the police, ambulance, fire service or marine rescue (jointly the **Emergency Services** or **ES**) is key for the safety and security of Jersey's citizens and visitors. Given this, the performance and security of a Public Emergency Call Service (**PECS**) is critically important to the Authority.
- 1.2 The Class II and Class III licences issued by the Authority to certain local telecoms operators require them to provide a PECS that enables users to communicate with the ES by calling 112 or 999. This obligation is met by licensed operators providing an end-to-end PECS that allows members of the public to call 112 or 999 and be promptly connected to the ES.¹
- 1.3 Class III LOs have a further licence obligation contained in LC 14.3, which is to make emergency call services available to other local operators (LOs). This is presently addressed by Class III LO JT (Jersey) Limited through its Emergency Services Access Service (ESAS) available to other LOs through that company's Reference Interconnect Offer (RIO) and which has historically provided and presently provides the emergency Call Handling Agent (CHA) function described within the Guidance.
- 1.4 This Guidance sets out the Authority's expectations on how Class II and Class III licensed operators should approach compliance with these PECS-related licence conditions. It may be taken into account in enforcement actions against licensed operators on other binding requirements including the obligation to provide a PECS and CHA.
- 1.5 We recognise that providing an effective PECS requires the active involvement of several parties, including Justice and Home Affairs (JHA), the Government of Jersey department responsible for providing ES in the Island², which may produce codes of practice or similar addressing emergency call answering and handling standards or the provision of certain emergency call service features.

2 Legal context, scope and enforcement

Legal context

2.1 The requirement for Class II and Class III licensed operators to provide a PECS is contained in Licence Conditions 14.1 and 14.2, which require the provision of a free of charge service to users allowing them to communicate with the ES by using codes 112 and 999.

¹ Obligation confirmed by a Direction to JT (Jersey) Limited and Sure (Jersey) Limited in November 2020 within JCRA Document No: JCRA 20/27.

² Or its successors.

- 2.2 The requirement for Class III licensed operators to provide emergency call services available to other licensed operators is contained in Licence Condition 14.3. This supports expectations setout within this Guidance for the provision of a CHA function.
- 2.3 The requirement for Class II and Class III licensed operators to provide the Authority with information, including reports, is contained in Licence Condition 4, which supports expectations set-out within this Guidance for PECS performance and incident reporting.
- 2.4 The requirement for Class II and Class III licensed operators to take all reasonable steps to ensure network integrity is contained in Licence Condition 9, which supports expectations set out within this Guidance to ensure PECS resilience and reliability³.

Scope

- 2.5 This Guidance applies to all Class II and Class III licence holders obliged to provide a PECS service.
- 2.6 Its focus is on underlying resilience and reliability of networks and systems used to convey calls to the ES, and the effectiveness of any associated processes and people. When providing a PECS, licensed operators should also take into account any codes of practice or similar issued by JHA which may relate to emergency call answering and handling standards or the provision of certain emergency call service features.
- 2.7 We may need to make changes to this Guidance from time-to-time and will consult on these changes in the usual way as and when appropriate.

Enforcement

2.8 Although this Guidance is not legally binding, we may take it into account in enforcement action against other binding requirements, including licence conditions.

³ Licence Condition 9.1 states that 'The Licensee shall take all reasonable steps to ensure the integrity of the Network...'

3 Guidance for licensed operators providing a public emergency call service

- 3.1 This section sets out the principles for licensed operators providing a PECS on how it should be provided to meet the requirements of their licence conditions. Its contents are:
 - Overarching principles
 - Access network resilience
 - VoIP considerations
 - CHA function
 - Service management and development
 - Service reporting
 - Incident reporting

Overarching principles

- 3.2 Given the potentially life-threatening or personal security-related consequences involved, Islanders and visitors should have access to a reliable and high-standard PECS comparable to that available in other relevant jurisdictions⁴.
- 3.3 While the end-to-end process of providing a complete local emergency service relies on several separate and distinct activities that may be undertaken by different organisations, licensed operators should recognise they have a pivotal role in achieving the reliability and high-standard expected and should focus every reasonable effort towards designing, developing, maintaining and managing the networks, systems, people and processes needed to connect users with the ES.
- 3.4 Licensed operators should further monitor network and service elements used to convey emergency calls and be able to report on reliability and detect loss of service incidents, which should be reported to the Authority and may be investigated.
- 3.5 Additional to this Guidance, licensed operators should be aware of and aim to comply with any reasonable requests, instructions, code of practice or similar issued by JHA in connection with providing a local PECS to the expected standard.

Operator network resilience

⁴ While not required to apply national or international best practice standards, we refer to guidance provided by UK communications regulator Ofcom or contained within the European Electronic Communications Code or its successors.

- 3.6 Licensed operators should ensure their networks and services are generally reliable and resilient with extra attention given to network and service elements use to convey calls to the ES.
- 3.7 Given the critical nature of ES calls, licensed operators should take enhanced measures to ensure uninterrupted access through effective design, building and maintaining of any element associated with ES calls. These include but are not limited to network infrastructure, systems, buildings, power, processes and people. We recognise that various industry standards exist to establish best practice in some of these areas and commitment to and compliance with such standards is always to be encouraged ⁵.
- 3.8 Particular attention should be taken to avoid single points of failure associated with any elements carrying ES calls where it is reasonably possible to do so. Concessions to this may be where geographical or physical constraints exist or where doing so may be disproportionately expensive.
- 3.9 Licensed operators may decide to outsource to third parties some or all of their elements of the operator network associated with ES calls. In this case, sufficient levels of contractual control over third parties should be in place to ensure continued compliance with licence condition obligations and the expectations set-out in this Guidance.

VoIP considerations

- 3.10 Licensed operators providing services over broadband connections using Voice over IP (**VoIP**) technology should take into account the impact of power cuts on a user's ability to make ES calls.
- 3.11 Attention is also drawn to ensuring ES calls made using any VoIP service in Jersey are correctly routed to Jersey's ES.

CHA function

- 3.12 We would expect licensed operators providing a CHA function to establish appropriately enhanced organisational structures, operational processes, networks and systems and that these are continually monitored and managed to ensure that they remain effective. There should also be close liaison and understanding with JHA to ensure staff and management associated with the CHA are meeting expressed responsibilities.
- 3.13 Given the safety of life implications associated with emergency calls, we expect licensed operators providing an CHA function to achieve the following KPIs:
 - Service availability: the CHA function should be designed and managed to remain operational (in that incoming calls can be answered at any level of performance) 99.999% of the time ('five

⁵ Commitment to relevant ISO standards or equivalent for example.

nines' availability), measured on a monthly basis⁶. Such availability encompasses all elements of the CHA function including systems, networks and personnel. This target complements the call answer time performance criterion below, where we would expect a strict constraint on the allowable degradation of service that can occur.

- Service performance: in conjunction with the service availability expectations stated above we would expect that 95% of calls made to 999 or 112 that are received into CHA call queues will be answered within 5 seconds, as measured over a 24-hour period (midnight to midnight). Any calls abandoned by the caller without answer within 5 seconds need not be included though should be noted.
- 3.14 We accept there may be occasions when achieving these KPIs is not possible due to exceptional circumstances, including but not limited to:
 - Major site loss or damage;
 - Unavoidable unscheduled staff evacuations;
 - Wide-scale staffing challenges caused by unpredictable Island-wide issues;
 - Severely disrupting weather events; and
 - Unforeseen major local incident.
- 3.15 Notwithstanding this, we expect licensed operators to take all reasonable steps to avoid or minimise the risk of exceptional circumstances affecting their ability to provide the ES function and have arrangements in place to rapidly restore services should they occur.
- 3.16 Given the complexities involved in providing an CHA function we recognise that licensed operators may choose to contract another licensed operator or competent agency to provide this service on their behalf. In this case, we remind the originating licensed operator that they remain responsible for ensuring reliable and resilient interconnect arrangements to a level established by the expectations of this Guidance are in place to provide for assured emergency calls continuity and, as part of the arrangements, are able to satisfy themselves that the CHA function is being performed according to the expectations set out in this Guidance.
- 3.17 Given the critical nature of the service, however, in the event a licensed operator chooses to outsource their CHA function responsibilities to another licensed operator or competent agency, they should only do so to one evaluated and approved by JHA.

Service management and development

3.18 To ensure appropriate focus on the quality and provision of a PECS service, licensed operators should designate a single point of responsibility within their organisation for ensuring effective

⁶ Availability = (Uptime/Total Time), where Uptime is time during which the CHA is able to answer incoming calls and Total Time is the sum of the Uptime and Downtime.

service management and development and to be ultimately accountable for them within the organisation.

3.19 We would expect licensed operators to ensure their emergency calls handling systems are developed to include best practice functionality comparable with that found in other relevant jurisdictions and to cooperate, where it is reasonably possible to do so, with requests from JHA for service and feature development. In particular, the technical functionality used to ascertain and provide accurate and reliable caller location information.

Service reporting

- 3.20 For assurance, licensed operators should monitor and record data on ES calls they convey and the reliability and resilience of all associated network and service elements.
- 3.21 Licensed operators providing an CHA function, whether directly or through an outsourced arrangement, should be able to demonstrate the effective operation of their service and successful interoperability with JHA. We may request periodic reports to evaluate this, to ideally include:
 - Service availability against KPI expectations;
 - Number of calls received (within a period e.g. day, week, month);
 - Call answering times against KPI expectations; and
 - Average call handling times.

Service incidents

- 3.22 We consider any loss of ES calls to be urgent in nature and therefore service failure incidents should be reported to the Authority as soon as possible and ideally within 24 hours of a licensed operator becoming aware of them.
- 3.23 We would expect licensed operators to use the following criteria when determining which incidents to report:

Network / service type	Minimum number of users affected	Minimum duration of service loss or major disruption
Fixed or mobile network providing access to the emergency services	100	1 hour
Fixed or mobile network providing access to the emergency services	1000	Any duration

- 3.24 In addition to above, we would expect licensed operators to report any incident involving ES calls that may attract significant media attention.
- 3.25 We may agree or establish different criteria or reporting thresholds for individual licensed operators from time-to-time, in view of exceptional circumstances that may limit their ability to report for a period or because enhanced reporting is required for a period.
- 3.26 Incident reports should contain the following information:
 - Licensed operator name;

CHA function

- A unique reference number for the incident;
- Date and time of the incident;
- Number of affected users and the nature and duration of service disruption they experienced; and
- Whether incident is resolved or ongoing.
- 3.27 We would expect licensed operators to provide the Authority with periodic updates on any ongoing incidents and a final update once resolved.
- 3.28 We would expect licensed operators to also comply with incident reporting requirements established in any reasonable requests, instructions, code of practice or similar issued by JHA in connection with providing a local PECS to the expected standard.